LC-MS based metabolomics and accurate mass measurements in complex extracts



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Introduction	•	

Metabolomics represents the in-depth profiling of metabolites intrinsic to several organisms. An important feature of metabolomics is identifying differences in metabolite patterns, thus demanding accurate measurements in analytical devices. Here we discuss accurate mass measurement on a Q-TOF micro (Waters) equipped with a Lockspray device.

Aim

This part of our research investigates the possibility of accurate mass measurements in a metabolomic context. Our goal was to establish the mass accuracy of a Q-TOF micro (Waters), using the features available in the Masslynx software. A comparison was made between leucine-enkephalin as lockmass, and a mixture of compounds that covers the mass range 50-800

Materials

Methods

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HPLC Conditions:	Me
Alliance 2695 (Waters®)	
Column:	
 Atlantis™ dC18, 2.1 x 150mm (Waters[®]) 	
Mobile Phase:	Loc
Eluent A: 100% water + 0.1% formic acid	1.1
Eluent B: 90/10 acetonitrile/water + 0.1% formic acid	
Flow Rate: 200µl/min	- A.
Injection Volume: 50µl	
MS Conditions:	
Mass Spectrometer: Q-TOF micro (Waters®)	
Ion Source: Lockspray [™] in positive ion mode	
Software: Masslynx 4.0	
<i>m/z</i> -range: 50-800	Ext
Capillary Voltage: 3000V	
Cone Voltage: 30V	Ulti
	con

etaboli Amino acids, carbohydrates, nucleotides, plant hoi steroids, fatty acids, polyamines, carotenoids and were used from stock solutions at 1mg/ml ids and others ksnrav solution. Leucine-enkephalin 1ng/µl in 50/50 AcN/H₂O m/z-value: 556.2771 Lockmix

- Acetanilide (*m/z* 136 0762)
- △Acetaniiide (*m*/2 136.0762) □Pentazocine (*m*/2 286.2171) □Trazodone (*m*/2 374.1747) □Dipyridamole (*m*/2 505.3251) □Aconitine (*m*/2 646.3227) raction procedure

Extraction proceedure: Arabidopsis thaliana leaves were homogenized with an Ultra-Turrax mixer (Ika) in 2:6:2 H₂O:MeOH:CHCI₃. Samples were centrifuged for 10 minutes and the supernatant (after spiking) was evaporated under nitrogen. Before injection, samples were dissolved in 75/25 H₂O/AcN + 0.1% FA.



The lockspray device (Waters®)

*A mixture of 5 compounds with lockmasses covering the typical mass range in metabolomic research from 50-800, is considered to give better accurate mass measurements than a single compound. Leucine-enkephalin is the standard product in accurate mass measurement using lockspray devices. Both lockspray compositions were tested to evaluate the best accurate mass measurement

*Accurate mass measurement is an important feature in identifying metabolites in metabolomics. Subtle differences from multivariate data analysis can thus be attributed to specific metabolites, revealing complex biochemical regulations in e.g. plants.

Results Mr k SUK ٦A. Figure 1: TIC for spiked extract, function 1 (sample) and function 2 (lockspray), using leucine-enkephalin as a lockmass; spectrum of leu-enk. ate mass (Da) <u>Mass accurac</u> m: n=3) 132 1025 8 83 + 1 58 166.0868 11.24 ± 2.28 399.1451 -2.92 ± 4.00 365 106 -4 93 + 8 55 527 1588 2 85 + 1 71 113.0351 3.24 ± 5.03 244.0933 2.59 ± 12.3

IMP	349.0594	6.11 ± 5.45
zeatin	220.1198	-3.03 ± 2.15
jasmonic acid	211.1334	-3.16 ± 7.28
abscisic acid	265.144	0.00 ± 5.07
epibrassinolide	481.3529	1.94 ± 3.72
spermidine	146.1657	-0.23 ± 3.77

ble 1: Several spiked metabolites with accurate mass (Da) and mass accuracy in ppr ng leucine-enkephalin as a lockmass (n=3)

Leucine-enkephalin (Figure 1) is presented as lockmass in accurate mass measurement. By means of the accurate mass measure tool in Masslynx, *m/z* correction throughout the entire chromatogram is possible. When analysing complex LC-MS matrices, data processing software bunches mass with retention time. In this perspective, masses are taken at most intense peak signal. Mass deviations up to 40ppm are obtained (results not shown). Such deviations are too large for identification purposes but adequate for multivariate data analysis where binning of masses is the rule. When mass correction is performed at a signal intensity (e.g. at the foothill of a peak) close to the intensity of the lockmass, however, mass differences lay within 10ppm (Table 1).

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Name compound	Accurate mass (Da)	Mass accuracy (ppm; n=3)
leucine	132.1025	42.39 ± 9.66
phenylalanine	166.0868	45.96 ± 27.76
s-adenosylmethionine	399.1451	38.00 ± 16.20
lactose	365.106	37.07 ± 6.17
maltotriose (Na+)	527.1588	-1.83 ± 2.08
uracil	113.0351	49.24 ± 12.89
cytidine	244.0933	-36.87 ± 26.31
IMP	349.0594	11.27 ± 7.04
zeatin	220.1198	9.24 ± 3.22
jasmonic acid	211.1334	13.74 ± 5.76
abscisic acid	265.144	-2.39 ± 10.05
epibrassinolide	481.3529	16.20 ± 2.40
spermidine	146.1657	41.28 ± 9.29

Table 2: Several spiked metabolites with accurate mass (Da) and mass accuracy in ppn using the lockmix for accurate mass measurements (n=3)

Via a tool in Masslynx, called secondary reference correction, a possibility is provided to correct masses using a mixture of compounds. Here we present a lockmix of 5 compounds covering the m/z range 50-800 (*Figure 2*). The secondary reference tool corrects masses with the lockmass closest to the m/z of the sample metabolite. Theoretically, better lockmass correction could be envisaged. Nevertheless, larger deviations are observed as can be seen in Table 2.

Conclusion

*We tried to obtain a better lockmass-correction in the m/z range 50-800 using a mixture of 5 compounds. Nevertheless, leucine-enkephalin seems the best solution for m/z-correction in a lockspray setting.

*Accurate mass measurements with a Q-TOF micro are feasible within a mass range of 10ppm, if the signal intensity of compound and lockspray are matched.

Figure 2: TIC for spiked extract, function 1 (sample) and function 2 (lockspray),